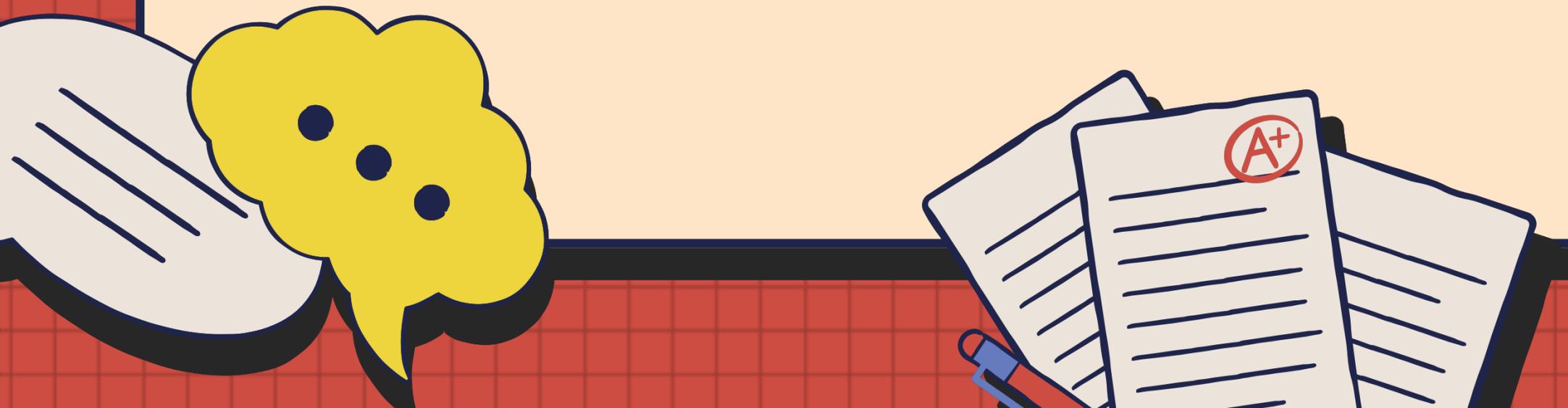


An illustration at the top of the page shows a stack of books on the left, an open notebook with a pencil on the right, and another open notebook in the center. The background is a red grid pattern.

Business English Reading : a Comprehension Summary

Enhancing Vocabulary, Grammar, and Reading Skills in Business Contexts

An illustration at the bottom of the page shows a yellow thought bubble on the left, a stack of papers with an 'A+' grade in the center, and a stack of books on the right.An illustration at the bottom right of the page shows a stack of books in various colors (blue, yellow, green, red).

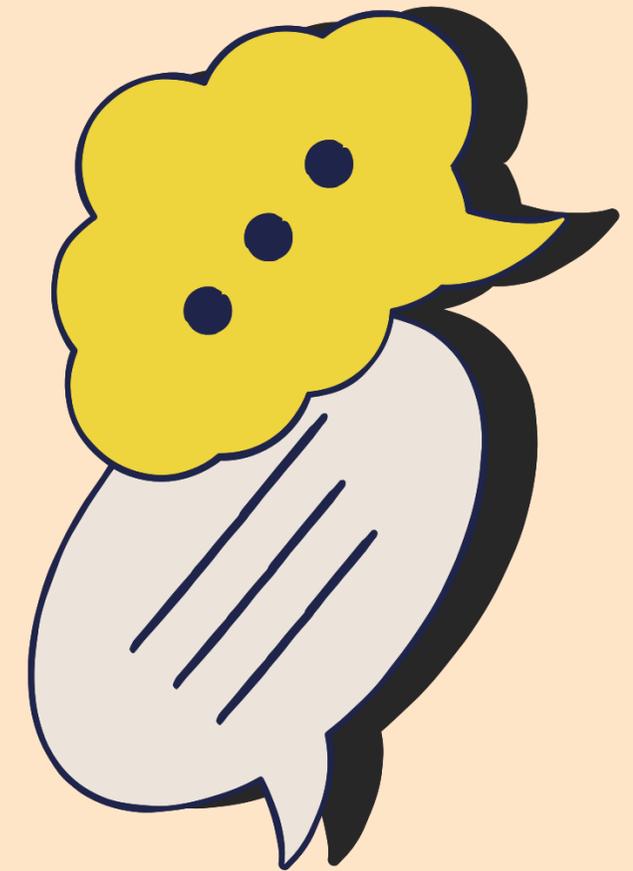
Vocabulary in Business English

- **Word Roots (รากศัพท์):** Understanding meaning origins
 - Example: "Transport" (root: "port" = carry) → "Export, Import, Support"
- **Prefixes (คำนำหน้า):** Modify meanings
 - Example: "Un-" (not) → "Unsuccessful" (not successful)
- **Suffixes (คำต่อท้าย):** Change word forms
 - Example: "-ment" (process/state) → "Management"



Example Sentences with Highlights

- "The **unreliable** supplier failed to deliver the order on time." (Prefix: "un-" = not)
- "The company's **growth** is remarkable this year." (Suffix: "-th" forming a noun)



Coherence & Cohesion

(ความสอดคล้องและความเชื่อมโยงของเนื้อหา)

- **Coherence (การทำให้เนื้อหาเป็นระเบียบ):** Logical arrangement of ideas
- **Cohesion (ความต่อเนื่องของข้อความ):** Connecting words, pronouns, repetition

Example: "Sales increased by 20%. **As a result**, the company hired more employees." (Transitional phrase)



Common Cohesive Devices (คำเชื่อมที่ใช้บ่อย)



- **Cause & Effect (สาเหตุ-ผลลัพธ์):** Therefore, Consequently, As a result
- **Contrast (ความขัดแย้ง):** However, On the other hand, Yet
- **Addition (การเพิ่มข้อมูล):** Moreover, Furthermore, In addition

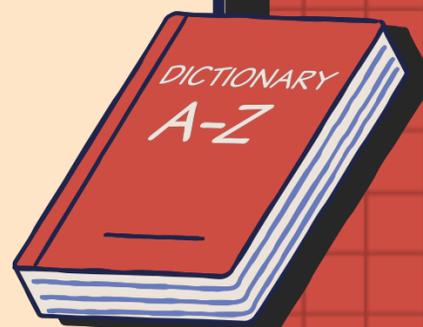
Referential Cohesion (การอ้างอิงในข้อความ)

- **Anaphoric reference (การอ้างอิงข้างต้น)**
 - "The company launched a new product. It became an instant success." ("It" refers to "a new product")
- **Cataphoric reference (การอ้างอิงสิ่งที่กล่าวถึงภายหลัง)**
 - "Although unexpected, the CEO's decision was widely accepted." ("unexpected" refers to "the CEO's decision")



Deixis (คำชี้เฉพาะ)

- **Personal deixis (บุคคล):** I, you, they, we (refers to people)
- **Spatial deixis (สถานที่):** Here, there, near, far
- **Temporal deixis (เวลา):** Now, then, today, next year
Example: "We will launch the new service **next quarter**."
(Temporal deixis)



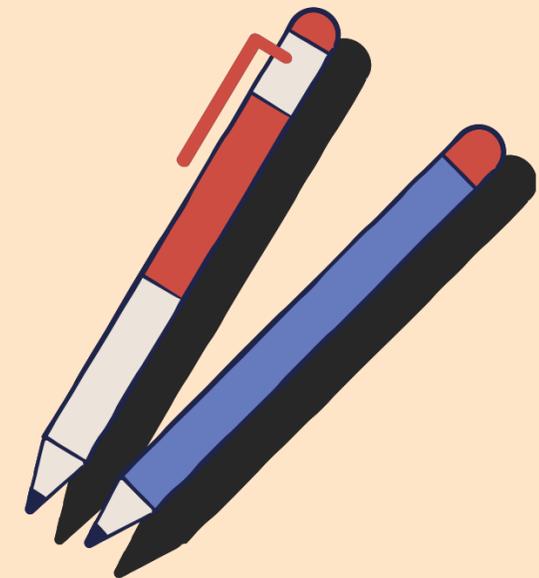
Understanding Text Structure (โครงสร้างของเนื้อหา)

- **Business emails (อีเมลธุรกิจ):** Subject → Greeting → Body → Closing
- **Reports (รายงาน):** Introduction → Data Analysis → Conclusion
- **Proposals (ข้อเสนอทางธุรกิจ):** Problem → Solution → Implementation Plan



Example Sentences Highlighting Text Structure

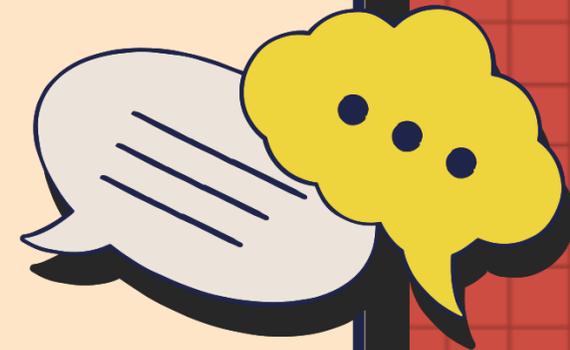
- "**Dear Mr. Smith**, I am writing to confirm our meeting tomorrow at 10 AM." (Formal business email structure)
- "**This report examines** the impact of digital marketing strategies on sales growth." (Report introduction)



Improving Reading Comprehension (เทคนิคการพัฒนาความเข้าใจในการอ่าน)

- Identify main ideas and supporting details
- Recognize **implications and underlying meanings**
- Practice skimming and scanning

Example: **Explicit Meaning:** "The company reported a 15% increase in revenue."



Implied Meaning: "Despite financial challenges, the company performed well." (Suggesting growth despite (difficulties))

Summary and Final Tips

- Use vocabulary-building strategies (prefixes, suffixes, roots)
- Improve writing cohesion with pronouns and transition words
- Recognize coherence through logical sequencing
- Understand text structure in business documents
- Read critically to identify deeper meanings

