Final Examination Mathematical Analysis: SET A

Subject Mathematical Analysis MAP2406 **Score** 100 marks **Time** 8 a.m.-11 a.m. Friday 1 May 2020 **Semester** 2/2019

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1. **A(10 marks)** Let *I* be an open interval containing *a*, that, $f, g: I \to \mathbb{R}$. Prove that

if f and g are continuous at a, then f - g is continuous at a.

2. **A(10 marks)** Let $f(x) = \tan x$ where $x \in (0, \frac{\pi}{4})$. Show that

f is **uniformly continuous** on $\left(0, \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$.

Hint: Use that fact that $|\sin x| \leq |x|$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

3. A(10 marks) Use the Mean Value Theorem (MVT) to prove that

$$\frac{x-1}{x} \le \ln x$$
 for all $x \ge 1$.

4. A(10 marks) Use L'Hospital's Rule to estimate the limit

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(1 + e^{-x} \right)^x.$$

5. **A(10 marks)** Let a > 0 and $f(x) = ax^2 + 1$ where $x \in [-1, 1]$. Suppose that

$$U(f, P) - L(P, f) = 1$$
 where $P = \left\{-1, -\frac{1}{2}, 0, \frac{1}{2}, 1\right\}$.

What is a?

6. **A(10 marks)** Let

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } -1 \le x < 0\\ 1 & \text{if } 0 \le x \le 1 \end{cases}$$

Show that f is **integrable** on [-1,1]

7. **A(10 marks)** Let $\int_{-1}^{0} f(t) dt = 2020$. Estimate the integral

$$\int_0^2 \frac{f\left(\frac{x-1}{x+1}\right)}{(x+1)^2} \, dx$$

8. A(10 marks) Use Telescoping Series to show that

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^k}{(2^k+1)(2^{k+1}+1)}$$
 converse and find its value.

Hint: Use partial fraction

9. A(10 marks) Use the Limit Comparision Test to show that

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{k^p}\right) \quad \text{converges if } p > 1.$$

10. **A(10 marks)** Let $S_n = \sum_{k=1}^n a_k$ be a partial sum where

$$S_n = \frac{n}{n^2 + 1}$$
 for $n = 1, 2, 3, ...$

Use **Dirichilet's Test** to prove that

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_k \arctan\left(\frac{1}{k}\right) \quad \text{converges.}$$

Final Examination Mathematical Analysis: SET B

Subject Mathematical Analysis MAP2406 Score 100 marks
Time 11 a.m.-2 p.m. Friday 1 May 2020 Semester 2/2019

Teacher Assistant Professor Thanatyod Jampawai, Ph.D. Division of Mathematics, Faculty of Education,

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1. **B(10 marks)** Let I be an open interval containing a, that, $f, g: I \to \mathbb{R}$. Prove that

if f and g are continuous at a, then 2f + g is continuous at a.

2. **B(10 marks)** Let $f: I \to \mathbb{R}$ be uniformly continuous on I. Define

$$g(x) = x + f(x)$$
 where $x \in I$.

Prove that g is **uniformly continuous** on I.

3. B(10 marks) Use the Mean Value Theorem (MVT) to prove that

$$\sqrt{x+1} \le \sqrt{x} + 1$$
 for all $x \ge 0$.

- 4. **B(10 marks)** Let $f(x) = e^{-e^x}$ where $x \in \mathbb{R}$. Then f is 1-1 function.
 - 4.1 **B(5 marks)** Show that $f^{-1}(x) = \ln\left(\ln\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)\right)$ where $x \in (0,1)$
 - 4.2 **B(5 marks)** Use the **Inverse Function Theorem (IFT)** and 4.1 to find $(f^{-1})'(x)$.
- 5. **B(10 marks)** Let $f(x) = x^4$ where $x \in [0, 1]$. Find

$$U(f,P) - L(P,f)$$

in term of n when

$$P = \left\{ \frac{j}{n} : j = 0, 1, 2, ..., n \right\}.$$

6. **B(10 marks)** Let

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } x = 0, 2\\ 1 & \text{if } x \in (0, 2) \end{cases}$$

Show that f is **integrable** on [0, 2]

7. B(10 marks) Define

$$F(x) = \int_{\frac{1}{x}}^{x} \sin(e^t) dt$$

Find F''(1).

8. **B(10 marks)** Show that

$$\sum_{k=3}^{\infty} \frac{k^4 + 4k^2 + 16}{k^6 - 64}$$
 converges and find its value.

9. B(10 marks) Use the Integral Test to show that

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k(\ln k + 1)^2}$$
 converges.

10. **B(10 marks)** Prove that

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^k \arctan\left(\frac{1}{k}\right)$$

is conditionally convergent.

Hint: Use Alternating Series Test and Limit Comparision Test.

Solution Final Mathematical Analysis: SET C

Subject Mathematical Analysis MAP2406 Score 100 marks
 Time 2 p.m.-5 p.m. Friday 1 May 2020 Semester 2/2019
 Teacher Assistant Professor Thanatyod Jampawai, Ph.D. Division of Mathematics, Faculty of Education,

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1. C(10 marks) Let I be an open interval containing a, that, $f, g: I \to \mathbb{R}$. Prove that

if f and f + g are **continuous** at a, then g is **continuous** at a.

2. C(10 marks) Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+|x|}$ where $x \in \mathbb{R}$. Show that

f is **uniformly continuous** on \mathbb{R} .

3. C(10 marks) Let p > 1. Use the Mean Value Theorem (MVT) to prove that

$$(x+1)^p \ge px + 1$$
 for all $x \ge 0$.

4. **C(10 marks)** Let f and g be continuous on [a, b] and differentiable on (a, b). Assume that f(a) = f(b) and g(a) = g(b).

Use Rolle's Theorem to prove that there is a $c \in (a, b)$ such that

$$f'(c) = g'(c).$$

5. **C(10 marks)** Define $f(x) = (x-1)^2 - 1$ where $x \in [0,1]$. Find I(f) if $P = \left\{ \frac{j}{n} : j = 0, 1, ..., n \right\}.$

6. **C(10 marks)** Let

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } x = 1\\ 1 & \text{if } x \neq 1 \end{cases}$$

Show that f is integrable on [0, 2]

7. C(10 marks) Let $f(x) = \int_0^{x^2} \sec^2(t^2) dt$. Use integration by part to show that

$$2\int_0^1 \sec^2(x^2) dx - 4\int_0^1 x f(x) dx = \tan 1.$$

8. C(10 marks) Find a partial sum S_n of

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{2k-1}{2^k}$$

and show that it converges.

Hint: The idea is similar to geometric seires proof.

9. C(10 marks) Use the Ratio Test to find all of $x \in \mathbb{R}$ such that Bessel function of first order $J_1(x)$ converges where

$$J_1(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k x^{2k+1}}{k!(k+1)! 2^{2k+1}}.$$

10. C(10 marks) Assume that $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_k$ coverges absolutely.

Use Cauchy Criterion to prove that

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_k}{k}$$
 coverges absolutely.

Solution Final Mathematical Analysis: SET D

SubjectMathematical Analysis MAP2406Score 100 marksTime9 a.m.-12 a.m. Monday 4 May 2020Semester 2/2019

Teacher Assistant Professor Thanatyod Jampawai, Ph.D. Division of Mathematics, Faculty of Education,

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- 1. **D(10 marks)** Let $a \in \mathbb{R}$ and $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 + 1}$ where $x \in \mathbb{R}$. Prove that f is **continuous** at a.
- 2. **D(10 marks)** Let I be an open interval, that, $f, g: I \to \mathbb{R}$. Prove that if f and g are **uniformly continuous** on I, then f+g is **uniformly continuous** on I.
- 3. **D(10 marks)** Let 0 .Use the**Mean Value Theorem (MVT)** $to prove that <math display="block"> (x+1)^p \le px+1 \quad \text{for all} \quad x \ge 0.$
- 4. **D(10 marks)** Let $f(x) = \frac{e^x e^{-x}}{2}$ where $x \in \mathbb{R}$. Then f is 1-1 function.
 - 4.1 **D(5 marks)** Show that $f^{-1}(x) = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1})$ where $x \in \mathbb{R}$. **Hint:** Write out in term of the perfect square.
 - 4.2 **D(5 marks)** Use the **Inverse Function Theorem (IFT)** and 4.1 to find $(f^{-1})'(x)$.
- 5. **D(10 marks)** Let $n \in \mathbb{N}$ and define $f : [0, n] \to \mathbb{R}$ by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if} & 0 \le x < 1\\ 4 & \text{if} & 1 \le x < 2\\ 9 & \text{if} & 2 \le x < 3\\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots\\ n^2 & \text{if} & (n-1) \le x \le n \end{cases}$$

If $\int_0^n f(x) dx = 385$, what is n.

6. **D(10 marks)** Let

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } -1 \le x \le 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } 0 < x \le 1 \end{cases}$$

Show that f is integrable on [-1,1]

7. **D(10 marks)** Let $f(x) = e^{\sin(\pi x)}$. Estimate the integral

$$\int_0^1 x f''(x) \, dx.$$

8. D(10 marks) Show that the below seires is converges and find it value:

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1}{3^{1+k} \cdot 2^{1-k}} + \frac{1}{k^2 + 4k + 3} \right]$$

9. **D(10 marks)** Use the **Root Test** to find all of $x \in \mathbb{R}$ such that

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{(kx+1)^2}{k^2+1} \right)^k \quad \text{converges.}$$

10. **D(10 marks)** Use **Dirichilet's Test** to prove that

$$S(x) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(kx)}{k^2}$$

converges for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$.